| تى گرامر كنكور نويسنده : رضا خداكرمى | | نکته های تس | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | حروف ربط | درس ۱ | فالق كلام | به نام ذ |
| | | | | -1 - 4 |
| | vvner | | e, as, as long as | ۱- زمان |
| | | since | e, as, because | ۲ ـ دليل |
| | | | Whetheror | ۳- شرط |
| | | | | |
| | | | <u>while</u> , | مقایسه <u>as</u> |
| 1- I met a lot of people V | Vhile / as I was li | ving in Norway. | | |
| 2- Do you watch TV While | <mark>e / as</mark> you are hav | ving dinner ? | | |
| 3- While / as they were w | walking, it began t | to rain. | | |
| 4- We all waved goodbye | to Mary While / | as she was drivir | ng away in her car. | |
| 5- Electricians have appre | • | • | • | shop. |
| | / While گذشته | | | |
| 6- Mary was driving away | | | ved goodbye to he | r. |
| <u>مال استمر ار ی</u> | _ <u>when</u> گذشته یا ح | گذشته یا حال ساده | | |
| | | | | |
| | | s (علت / دليل) | ince , because , | مقايسه as |
| 7-Why did you go there? | Since / because n | ny father told me | to do so. | |
| 8- He was angry not <u>as/s</u> | | • | | nade too |
| much noise. | | | | |
| 9- Your heart relies on you | to do exercise, sir | nce / as it cannot | lift weights to get : | stronger. |
| مربع (as)استفاده می شود و برای بیان | - | | 0 0 | • |
| ستفاده می شود. | یده ها از since ا | و آوردن دلایل بروز پد | هم تر و یا بیان استدلال | دلایل م |
| 10- Since/ As exercising give | ves better support | t to your joints, it | helps protect you | from |
| injuries. | | | | |
| 11- Since/ As they live nea | ar us, we see then | n quite often. | | |
| 12- As/ Since it began to r | ain, I stood under | r a tree. | | |
| | | | | |
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| | 1 | | | |

نکته های تستی گرامر کنکور (ویژه کلاس های اردو و همایش) نویسنده : رضا خداکرمی

مقایسه as زمان و when

13-As/ When I stepped off the walk side, I was knocked down by a bicycle. 14-When/ As I stepped out the walk side, I was knocked down by a bicycle. 15-As / When he gets older, he turns more bad- tempered. 16-As /When he got old , he turned bad- tempered. 17-As / When I pushed the door, it was open.

مقایسه Since زمان و When

18-I have had a terrible headache since / when I got that I haven't had passed the exam.

19-The students have taken the exam since /when I got there.

20-The students had taken the exam since /when I got there.

21-I have been waiting here since /when I phoned you at 5 o'clock.

22-The thieves had left there since /when he arrived.

(که آیا..... یا) Whether -----or

مصدر پس از whether

1- I'm trying to decide whether to stay here or transfer to a larger room.

جمله بس از whether

2- I was wondering whether she'd prefer to come a little later or not.

or بدون Whether

3 – He wasn't sure whether he had locked the door, so he went back to check.

(چه..... چه) Whether -----or

4- I have decided to go to cinema whether you come or not.

نکته های تستی گرامر کنکور (ویژه کلاس های اردو و همایش) نویسنده : رضا خداکرمی

درس ۲ _: شکل سادہ پس از این افعال (let , make , help)

23-We were made work / to work really hard.

24-Betty did not regret say / to say / saying that she didn't let her don enter

graduate school.

25-I suggest him stay / to stay / staying home tomorrow.

26--The vice president made his speech boring / bore/ bored by too many gestures.

27-He was punished by sending / having been sent / being sent to bed without supper.

28-Make your speech interest / interesting / interested by using the communication power tools.

29-I can't help to feel / feeling / feel sorry for those who have nothing to eat.

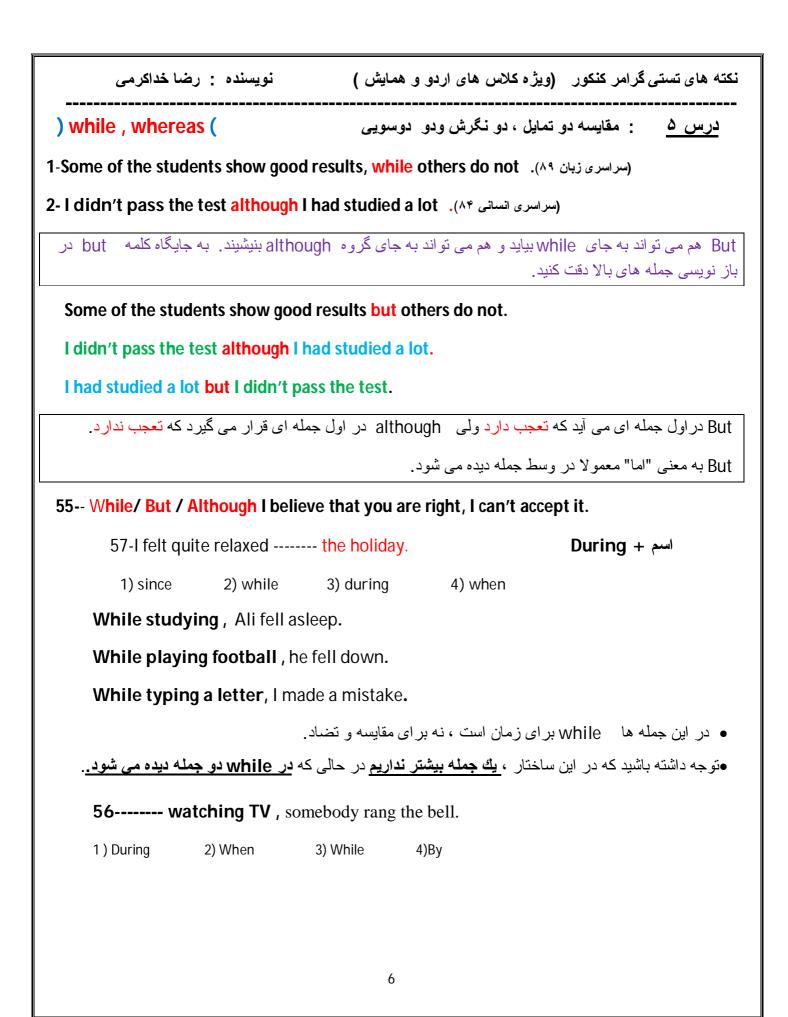
30-I was waiting in the bus stop and saw him get / getting/got off the taxi.

31-Nobody allowed them to enter/enter/entering in.

این درس فرمول محور است.

| ریسنده : رضا خداکرمی | | س هاه ادده م همایش | نکته های تستی گرامر کنکور (ویژه کلا |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | |
| | بلى | فاعلى / صفت مفعو | درس ۳ صفت |
| 32- Books discussing | / discussed th | ne effects of greenl | house gases |
| 33- Foods contained | / containing cl | nemical substances | S |
| 34-A tree blown / bl | owing down i | n the storm | |
| 35-People invited/ i | nviting to the | party | |
| 36-The report said / | saying the de | tails was perfect | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , , | | |
| 37-Oil powered /po | wering gener | ators are being us | ed to supply electricity. |
| 38-Addis Ababa , <mark>lo</mark> | cated / locati | <mark>ng</mark> at 800 feet abo | we sea level, is the highest city |
| in Africa. | | | |
| 39-Anyone tl | he country th | rough standard pr | oduction will be immediately |
| sent back to the co | untry he came | e from. | |
| 1) doesn't enter | 2)not enter | 3) doesn't entering | 4) not entering |
| 40-This is the writer | I was look | ing many years . | |
| 1) to whom | 2)for whom | 3)at whom | 4)whom |
| 41-The Godfather is a mov | /ie very | popular for a long | j time. |
| 1) Has been | 2)which been | 3) which has been | n 4)which |
| 42-A new factory employed | /employing OVe | r thousands of wo | orkers has opened in this area. |
| 43-The woman in | front of us at | the movie was a v | vearing a big hat. |
| 1) Who sits | 2)whom sat | 3)to sit | 4)sitting |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | 4 | |

| نکته های تستی گرامر کنکور (ویژه کلاس های اردو و همایش) نویسنده : رضا خداکرمی |
|---|
| درس ۴ : درس ۴ - صفت / قید + So صفت / قید + that – clause |
| Such + سنم + صفت + that – clause |
| so much/so little + اسم that – clause |
| (عبارت) مصدری + صفت/ قید + Too |
| عبارت) مصدری اسم +too many/too fewtoo much/too little - مصدری اسم (عبارت) |
| enough + اسم (عبارت مصدری) |
| عبارت مصدری) مصدر + enough + صفت/ قید |
| 44-Oxford is university that students from all over the world study in. 1) Such an 2)so 3) such 4) such a |
| 45The exam was too / so difficult that nobody took " A" mark. |
| 46-There were so many / too many/so questions that |
| 47There may be so much/enough/very/ so many little sea animals that |
| 48I was surprised when he told me the house was built many years ago. |
| I didn't know it was |
| 1) such an old house 2)so much old 3) too old to 4) such too old |
| 49- we haven't to do it properly. |
| 1) So much time 2)enough the time 3) the time 4) such time |
| 50-He is such a fool / so fool that he can't add two and two. |
| 51-You are too old / old enough to know things better, my son. |
| گاهی عبارت نتیجه دیده نمی شود : |
| 52-I couldn't believe his death. It was so shock / such a shock / too shock. |
| 53-I couldn't climb the tree. It was too high /high enough. |
| . این درس فرمول محور است . 54-She spoke too little / much /very softly. |
| 5 |



| ا خداکرمی | دہ : رض | نويسنا | | و همایش) | ویژه کلاس های اردو | امر کنکور | نکته های تستی گر |
|--------------------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|
| | | | | | ، از انجام کارها | بيان هدف | درس ۶ ۱ |
| So that / in order | that | + | that – o | lause | | | |
| To / in order to | / so as | to + | مصدر | | | | |
| for | + | ing دار | للمه ی | 2 | دف از کاربرد وسیله | ۲ بیان ه | , |

57--The man spoke very slowly perhaps so that /because he could not remember the words quickly.

58-I wear a mask so that / so as to I don't get sick.

59-People have to earn money ----- their families.

1. so as to feed 2.in order feed 3. for feeding 4.so to feed

60-A knife is used to cut / for cutting/so that cut things.

For هدف <u>از کاربرد یك وسیل</u>ه را بیان می کند.

61-Please turn down the radio------ disturb anybody.

1. for you not to 2. so that not to 3. in orders to not 4. so as not to

62-We move very slowly so as not to/ in order that we didn't frighten the animals.

63-I went to Switzerland last winter for/ in order that/ so as I could do some skiing.

این درس فرمول محور است

| نکته های تستی گرامر کنکور (ویژه کلاس های اردو و همایش) نویسنده : رضا خداکرمی |
|---|
|) though – although – even though (درس ۷ : بیان تعجب) |
| although در اول جمله ای قرار می گیرد که ت <mark>عجب ندارد .</mark> |
| 64Although/While I was really hungry and there was a lot of food, I didn't eat anything. |
| 65- Although/While I was extremely tired, I couldn't sleep. |
| 66- I was extremely tired though / but/while I couldn't sleep. |
| 67- It was very cold ; and/but/however, I decided to go for a walk. |
| 68- It was very cold . However/ Though, I decided to go for a walk. |
| 69Although Mary has been studying all day , most of the new words. |
| 1. but she haven't learnt 2. but she couldn't learn |
| 3-she has not yet learnt 4. She would have not learnt |
| 7 0– Some people like fatty meat, though / while / however others hate it. |
| |
| 71- Although/ Despite of / In spite of the rain, they enjoyed themselves. |
| 71- Although/ Despite of / In spite of the rain, they enjoyed themselves. توجه : In spite of / Despite نیز برای بیان تعجب بکار می روند. |
| |
| توجه : In spite of / Despite نیز برای بیان تعجب بکار می روند. |
| توجه : In spite of / Despite نیز برای بیان تعجب بکار می روند. اسم / اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of |
| توجه : In spite of / Despite نیز برای بیان تعجب بکار می روند. اسم / اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of اسم / اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of <u>what she said</u> , we didn't get her in our car |
| توجه : In spite of / Despite : نیز برای بیان تعجب بکار می روند. اسم / اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of + اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of <i>what she said</i> , we didn't get her in our car شبه جمله. Despite / In spite of <i>being late</i> , we didn't get her in our car. |
| توجه : In spite of / Despite : نيز براى بيان تعجب بكار مى روند. Despite / In spite of + اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of <u>what she said</u> , we didn't get her in our car شبه جمله . Despite / In spite of <u>being late</u> , we didn't get her in our car. Ima مصدر Despite / In spite of <u>being late</u> , we didn't get her in our car. Ima our car. |
| توجه : <u>In spite of / Despite</u> : تيز برای بيان تعجب بكار می روند. <u>اسم / اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of what she said</u> , we didn't get her in our car شبه جمله. Despite / In spite of <u>what she said</u> , we didn't get her in our car. اسم مصدر Despite / In spite of <u>being late</u> , we didn't get her in our car. <i>اسم 2</i> . Despite / In spite of <u>the rain</u> , we didn't get her in our car. 72- Despite of / In spite of/ Though the heavy traffic, we arrived on time. |
| توجه : In spite of / Despite : نيز برای بيان تعجب بكار می روند. اسم / اسم مصدر / شبه جمله + Despite / In spite of <u>what she said</u> , we didn't get her in our car شبه جمله. Despite / In spite of <u>what she said</u> , we didn't get her in our car. اسم مصدر In spite of <u>being late</u> , we didn't get her in our car. اسم مصدر In spite of <u>the rain</u> , we didn't get her in our car. اسم 22- Despite of / In spite of / Though the heavy traffic, we arrived on time. It's a small car, <u>yet</u> it is surprisingly spacious. توجه : get it is but قرار می گیرد ، بیایند |

| نکته های تستی گرامر کنکور (ویژه کلاس های اردو و همایش) نویسنده : رضا خداکرمی |
|---|
| |
| درس ۸ : کاربرد فعل های معین همراه با مصدر کامل |
| Should / could / must / may, might + have . pp |
| اگر به انجام نشدن کار یقین دارید ، در گزینه ها به دنبال (should) یا (could/ couldn't) بگردید. |
| 73-Shehave stayed with her but she didn't. |
| 1-would 2- could 3- must 4-might |
| 74-My friend, George, didn't accept the job but hehave accepted it. |
| 1-should 2- would 3- must 4-might |
| 75 -Youmy grandmother, she died before you were born. |
| 1-could not have met 2- may have met 3- should not have met 4- must have met |
| * * * * * * * * * * |
| اگر به انجام شدن کار یقین دارید ، در گزینه ها به دنبال (shouldn't) یا (must) بگردید. |
| 76 -My shirts are clean. My mother them. 1- Should have washed 2- must have washed 3- could have washed 4- should wash |
| 77-John have passed the street because the traffic light was red. |
| 1-Shouldn't 2- must not 3. may not 4-could not |
| **** |
| اگر به انجام شدن کار تردید دارید ، در گزینه ها به دنبال (may / might منفی یا مثبت) بگردید. |
| 78- I don't exactly know where I put my bag. I have left it somewhere. |
| 1- Must 2- might 3- should 4- could |
| 79 -A : I wonder why my friend didn't come to my birthday party. B : Heabout it . 1- shouldn't not have known 2- could have known 3- must have known 4-might not have known |
| این درس فرمول محور است . خدا قبول کند . انشاا |
| 9 |