Pre- university book Lesson four				
I . choose the correct				
1 after I are a) Continuously	rived , they left for the b) Frequently	heir home ; I didn't have tin c) Smoothly	ne to talk to them . d) Immediately	
2. The children were a) bending	frightened because t b) rattling	the windows were c) breathing	in the wind . d) reducing	
3. I found out it very (a) population	difficult to make a b) presentation	about the result of t c) prediction	the football match . d) production	
4 procedures sav a) Emergency	ve many people's live b) Recycling	es after an earthquake. c) Environment	d) Confidence	
5. It is still impossible a) survive	to when an earth b) notice	nquake may happen. c) predict	d) escape	
6. During an earthqua a)bend	ake, the ground undo b) float	er your feet suddenly starts c) shake	to d) melt	
future possibility.		floods and strong storms, bu		
a) contact	b) protect	c) project	d) forecast	
a) seriously	b) deeply	er the accident, but traffic is c) smoothly	s now moving again. d) proudly	
9. The earthquake wa a) destructive	s very because me b) severe	ost of the houses were poorl c) damaged	y designed and constructed. d) creative	
10. My sister hasn't da a) object	ecided to learn how to b) instrument	to play a musical c) wire	d) mirror	
11. None of the painti were to the wall st	-	the powerful earthquake o	ccurred this morning. They	
a) attracted	b) awarded	c) recorded	d) fixed	
12 .The oil floating on a) surface	the of the water b) area	puts the life of sea fish in da c) pressure	nger. d) piece	
13.According to some varieties	almost two third b) estimates	of the old city has been dest c) methods	troyed by the earthquakes. a) d) mechanisms	
accidents.			ulated cities to reduce the traffic	
a) climates15. She couldn't tha) define	b) shapes e building on the ma b) discover	c) regions up herself, so she got help fro c) refer	d) underpasses om the hotel clerk. d) locate	
16. People should be t a) events	aught what to do in b) experiences	so that they can be helpf c) services	ful after an earthquake. d) emergencies	

	vered everything in t			•
a) crust	b) layer	c) issue		d) pattern
18. He warned that the a) content	decision could cause b) belief	serious to tl c) injury	he country's economy	d) damage
19. Whenever a plane f	lies over our house, o	ur windows	noisily.	
a) shock	b) rattle	c) harm	•	d) cover
20. Death is a(n)	. that everyone has to b) reality	face one day . c) variety		d) injury
II . Fill in the blanks wi				
1. Earthquake	-	•		
2. The earth is made up3. Luckily, most of the4. The layer of the earth5. A way of doing some6. A(n) is a note	destructive earthqua h that you live on and thing, especially the u	ke occur in les l is like the skin Isual way is cal	n of an apple is called lled the	the
III . Choose the word w	which doesn't belong t	o each group :		
1. damage	rattle	shake	shock	
2. flood	blood	storm	stream	
3. excited	anxious	calm	soft	
4. layer	surface	mantle	entire	
IV . Fill in the blanks w	vith the words given :			
_	ructions - estimated – ate – destructive – ins	_	_	contact
1. Most of weather on to 2. I can not on to 3. Some people in some 4. The tallest buildings 5. It was such a weak each of the source of the sou	that money a week. To parts of the world had in Tehran are smalle arthquake that only seffects not only on he arthat the world oil of turn on the radio and fast enough to take	This money they ad never	y give me is not enought an earthquake to those in New York could record its moveral other aspects of will double by the end form the could emergencies.	k city . ement . life . of 2010 .
V . Write a word for ea	ch definition :			
 an event needing im say what the weather a flat piece of sth tha a road that passes ov when a lot of water c when sth stays on the 	will be like t covers a surface of a er another one overs an area that is		(e) (f) (1) (o) (f) (f)	

VI . Find the synonym	of the words:			
1. entirely =	a) occur			
2. tool =	•			
	b) completely			
3. frighten =	c) instrument			
4. populated =	d) certainly			
5. predict =	e) forecast			
6. happen =	f) stick			
7. surely =	g) crowded			
8. luckily =	h) scare			
Grammar test :	i) fortunately			
I . choose the best ans	swer:			
· ·	that I didn't underst			
a) very confused	b) so confusing	c) too confusing	d) enough confusing	
2 I think it is	ata fan ug ta nyavida tha aar	mnuton		
	ate for us to provide the cor	-	d) an ab	
a) so	b) too	c) very	d) such	
2 The weether is	had today that we con't	go on o nionio		
	bad today that we can't		d) views	
a) too	b) such	c) so	d) very	
1 It is now hot	to play football . Let it be l	ator		
		c) too	d) such	
a) so	b) very	c) 100	u) such	
5 Rob has in	nformation about computer	s that no ana aan ha aa	mnoro with him	
a) too	b) so	c) such a	d) so much	
a) 100	b) so	c) such a	d) so much	
6 "Vou look tired "	' Well , it was that I	fool like going to had		
a) so long test	b) very long test	c) such a long test	d) a long test	
a) so long test	b) very long test	c) such a long test	u) a long test	
7 My narants didn't th	nink I was to get i	marriad		
a) so old	b) very old	c) old enough	d) such old	
a) so olu	b) very old	c) olu ellough	u) such olu	
Q Thoro woron!t	for everybody to have co	offee at the same time		
	č č		d) such suns	
a) so many cups	b) enough cups	c) too many cups	d) such cups	
0. I	4l- 4 T C 4 l- 4 4			
_	that I forgot what time w		d) 4 1 Jl	
a) so hard	b) so hardly	c) too hard	d) too hardly	
10 m		e 4	•	
.	ephone numbers aren't			
a) so easy	b) easy enough	c) very easy	d) too easy	
II. Put the words in the	e right order:			
		433		
1. destroyed – was – th	e whole – such – earthquak	ke – village – it – a – str	ong – that – it	
2. for – injured – to – r	ne – too – was – carry – ma	n – heavy – the		
.		•		
3. simple – could – tha	t - so - the instructions - w	ere – learn – even – eas	sily — children — them .	
	_	_		
_	ke – happen – predicting – i			
Saying that				

5. all the questions – didn't – her exam – enough – in	1 – time – answer – have - She – to
III . Combine the following sentences using the word	ds given :
1. The coffee isn't strong . It won't keep us awake . (enough)
2. It was a hot day . We decided to go swimming . (s	such)
3. She has many letters to type . She can't leave the	office early . (so)
4. The math problem is very hard . A young girl like	e her can't solve it . (too)
5. We have food . He can serve all of his extra guests	s. (enough)
Part D. Reading Comprehension test:	
I . Mini comprehension : choose the correct answer	:
1. Several million earthquakes occur each year. Although to be locate, no one can find the exact time and	
 a) we can just predict the weak earthquakes . b) Saying that where the earthquake is going to hap c) Only the strong earthquakes can't be located . d) earthquake prediction isn't reality now . 	pen is true .
2. Areas along pacific Ocean are the most probable place because no area is entirely free of earthquakes	
a) most earthquakes happen along the Pacific Ocean b) there are places in which no earthquakes occur c) earthquakes can just cause damages places near t d) Few areas are completely free of earthquake.	
3. The plates of the crust move along smoothly .The increases and the rock bends until it breaks . At this What is the main topic of this paragraph?	s time an earthquake is the result .
a) What happens in the crustc) How an earthquake happens	b) How the pressure occursd) What Earth is made up
4. When a terrible earthquake happened, most peopsentence means	

II. Cloze test: fill in the blanks with the words given:				
Procedure – information – mechanisms - reality - forecast – much – prediction				
Earthquake1 is a future possibility . Just as the weather organization now2 floods and strong storms. , the national earthquake3 centers may one day predict earthquakes . This may some day a4 , but only after5 more is learned about earthquake6				
occur – differen	t – shaking – meet –	thickness – that – release - layer	•	
The Earth is formed of several layers that have very1physical and chemical properties . The outer2, with average3 of 70 kilometers, consists of about twelve large, irregularly shaped plates4 slide over, under and past each other on top of the melted inner layer. Most earthquakes5 at the lines where the plates6 An earthquake is a rapid7 movement of the Earth's surface.				
An earthquake is a sudden trembling and shaking on the surface of the earth. Sometimes huge cracks hundreds of feet long and many feet wide appear in the ground during an earthquake. Some earthquakes are1 severe that whole cities can be2 as buildings fall, streets split open3 other property is shaken to pieces4 famous earthquake of all was5_ Lisbon, Portugal in 17756 city was destroyed and forty thousands people7 their lives. At8 time a tidal wave covered Lisbon. Tidal waves are9 by earthquakes on the ocean10 The San Francisco fire of 1906 was caused by an earthquake, too. It destroyed almost all the downtown business section of the city and the fires burned for three days without stopping . Five hundred people were killed .				
1. a) too	b) such	c) so	d) enough	
2. a) destroyed	b) such b) repaired	c) explored	d) observed	
3. a) but	b) so	c) and	d) for	
4. a) Most	b) The most	c) The more	d) More	
5. a) above	b) in	c) at	d) along	
6. a) Whole	b) The whole	c) A whole	d) Of whole	
7. a) found	b) searched	c) lost	d) earned	
8. a) all the same	b) a same	c) same of	d) the same	
9. a) located	b) included	c) joined	d) caused	
10. a) floor	b) ground	c) earth	d) soil	
 III. Put the following sentences in order and make a meaningful paragraph: a) The strength of an earthquake is measured on a scale of numbers called the Richter scale. b) Few of them cause any damage. c) Earthquake is a shaking, rolling or sudden shock of the earth's surface. d) But earthquakes that occur near big cities cause a lot of loss life. a) Most of the earthquakes take place under the surface of the see. 				
e) Most of the earthquakes take place under the surface of the sea .				

IV. Read the passage and choose the correct answer:

Science has told us so much about the moon that it is fairly easy to imagine what it would be like to go there. It is certainly not a friendly place. As there is no air or water, there can be no life of any kind. There is no variety of scenery either. For miles after miles there are only flat plains of dust with mountains around them. If you step out of the mountain shadows, it will mean moving from severe cold into great heat. These extreme temperatures continually break rocks away from the surface oft mountains. The moon is also a very silent world, for sound waves can only travel through air. But beyond the broken horizon, you see a friendly sight. Our earth is shining more brightly than the stars From this distance, it looks like an immense ball, colored blue, green and brown.

- 1. Which of these statements is true?
- a) According to the scientific findings, going to the moon is easy but living there isn't pleasant.
- b) According to the scientific discoveries, living on the moon is easy but not pleasant.
- c) Science has informed us of the easiest way to go to the moon.
- d) Science has told us that it is easy to live on the moon.
- 2. There can be no life on the moon because
- a) the weather is very cold
- c) there is little oxygen
- 3. Why are the mountain surfaces removed?
- a) Dust is blown over them.
- c) Mountain shadows are not cold

- b) there is no air
- d) the weather is too dry
- b) Mountain shadows are not cold
- d) High heat and cold break rocks
- 4. One cannot hear anything on the moon. Why?
- a) Sound is produced on the earth.
- b) Sound cannot be heard in the airless space.
- c) Sound waves cannot move through the cold air.
- d) Sound waves travel through the oxygen molecules.
- 5. It is implied that.....
- a) the earth is the only place to live on
- b) the moon is a so beautiful and unique place
- c) the moon can be a good place for living
- d) living on the earth is not very pleasant